CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

STOCK CODE	**:**	5169
COMPANY NAME	**:**	HO HUP CONSTRUCTION COMPANY BERHAD
FINANCIAL YEAR	**:**	June 30, 2026

OUTLINE:

SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE
Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA
Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

Intended Outcome
Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.1
The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The roles and responsibilities of the Board of Directors ("Board") are set out in the Board Charter and the Board Committees' functions are set out under each respective Board Committees' Terms of Reference ("TOR"). The Company is headed by the Board where they assume their responsibility for the Company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the agreed objectives and long-term goals of the Company. Prior to the commencement of the new financial year, the respective Divisional Heads formulates and proposes a strategic business plan which will be discussed with the Executive Directors to establish as the Group budget forecast and cash flow projections before presenting to the Board for deliberation and approval. Quarterly, the performance of the financial results will be examined and reviewed by the Audit Committee and subsequently discussed by the Board against the Group's past performance, the Board also comments on improvements and changes needed to ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives. The Management performances were also evaluated based on efforts and initiatives taken to ensure the Group's long-term business sustainability. The Management prepares a quarterly risk management progress report to the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the risk mitigating actions taken. Subsequently, the Board is advised by the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee on their recommendations on risk mitigation efforts within the Group. The Board also promotes good corporate governance culture by ensuring critical policies and procedures are in place and updated

	with the evolving business compliance and requirements. An Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Manual was put in place and staff awareness trainings and periodic briefings were conducted at all levels of the Group during the year. In addition, adequate procedures were in place Group wide to prevent and protect against corruption practices. Lastly, the Board also leads the role of ensuring integrity in Group corporate reporting on both financial and non-financial information to harness a meaningful communication relationship with all stakeholders.	
Explanation for departure :		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.2
A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

Application	:	Departure
Explanation on application of the practice	:	
Explanation for departure	:	The Board does not currently have a designated permanent Chairman. For each scheduled meeting, a Director is elected by the Board to preside as meeting Chairman. Pending a formal appointment, the Board collectively ensures the effective conduct of proceedings, equal participation among Directors, and sound decision-making aligned with the Company's best interests. This is reinforced by the Company Secretaries, who guide the Board on statutory compliance and governance matters. While cognizant of the MCCG's guidance on board leadership and the role of a permanent Chairman in championing high governance standards, the Board will continue to evaluate its structure to identify an appropriate appointment aligned with the Company's strategic direction and evolving requirements.
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.3
The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	As the Company does not currently have a permanently designated Chairman or Chief Executive Officer (CEO), there is no formal division between these roles. Ordinarily, the Chairman provides Board leadership and ensures effective oversight, while the CEO supported by the Executive Directors, drives day-to-day operations and executes Board-approved strategies. During Financial Year Ended 2026 ("FYE 2026"), the Board appointed a Director to preside over each meeting on an ad-hoc basis. In the interim, the Board collectively exercises oversight and governance, while the Executive Directors remain accountable to the Board for the Group's ongoing management and operational performance. The Board acknowledges the importance of separating the positions of Chairman and CEO to maintain an effective balance of power, enhance accountability, and preserve the boundary between governance oversight and executive management. The Board will continue to review its leadership framework, including the formal and separate appointment of both roles, in line with the Company's evolving needs and best corporate governance practices.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.4

The Chairman of the board should not be a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee

Note: If the board Chairman is not a member of any of these specified committees, but the board allows the Chairman to participate in any or all of these committees' meetings, by way of invitation, then the status of this practice should be a 'Departure'.			
Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	As the Company does not currently have a permanently designated Chairman of the Board, the Company is unable to establish a standing separation between the Board Chairman and membership in Board Committees as contemplated under Practice 1.4 of the MCCG. The Audit Committee (AC) and Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) continue to function under their respective Terms of Reference (TOR) and Board delegated mandates. The composition of each Committee adheres strictly to regulatory requirements to preserve independent oversight and objectivity. As part of its ongoing review of board leadership, the Board will account for Practice 1.4 during the formal appointment of a permanent Chairman, ensuring the appointee is excluded from membership in the AC and NRC.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:	Please explain the measure(s) the company has taken or intend to take to adopt the practice.	
Timeframe	:	Choose an item.	

Intended Outcome
Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.5
The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Company Secretaries play an advisory role to the Board on matters pertaining to compliance of procedures, rules and regulatory requirements. The Company Secretaries attend all Board and Board Committees' Meeting and ensure that all meetings are convened in accordance with Board procedures and TOR of the relevant Board Committees. Deliberations on issues discussed and decisions made at meetings, are properly recorded and kept. Both Company Secretaries of the Company are qualified to act as Company Secretary pursuant to Section 235 and Section 236(3) of Companies Act 2016. The responsibilities of the Company Secretary have been specified in the Board Charter. The Company Secretaries constantly keep themselves abreast of the evolving statutory and regulatory requirements through continuous training.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.6

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	To facilitate informed deliberations and effective decision-making, notices of meetings along with agendas and comprehensive meeting packs comprising relevant reports, proposals, and supplementary papers are circulated to Directors in advance. This ensures the Board has sufficient time to review the materials, seek clarifications from management, and prepare meaningful contributions ahead of proceedings. Meeting materials are distributed electronically via a secure platform or email, with hard copies dispatched upon request. Following each meeting, draft minutes are circulated promptly to all Directors for review before being formally confirmed at the subsequent Board meeting. Once confirmed and signed, the original minutes are duly recorded in the statutory minutes book maintained by the Company Secretaries at the Registered Office.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management.

There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

Practice 2.1
The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies–

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Company's Board Charter is subject to review from time to time to ensure the Company remains at the forefront of best practices in Corporate Governance. • The Board Charter is publicly made available on the Company's website at www.hohupgroup.com.my • The roles and responsibilities of the Board, Chairman, Executive Directors, Board Committee and Company Secretaries are set out in the Company's Board Charter.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.1
The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board consistently strives to set the "tone at the top" and instil ethical values and integrity standards across every level of the Group. In this regard, the Company has put in place a Code of Conduct which subject Directors, Management and Employee to a set of values and standards of conduct that is expected of them. The Code of Conduct serves as a formal commitment by employees to adhere to the Company's core values and business principles at all times and to conduct business in a transparent, appropriate and fair manner. The Code of Conduct is available on the Group's website at www.hohupgroup.com.my The Code of Conduct covers the following salient areas: • Provide positive influence to the community and society • Continually improve the standards of health and safety of the workplace for employees • Safeguard the Company's assets and prevent violation of the policy of use • Maintain full confidentiality of Company's core business information and prevent unauthorised disclosure • Prevent conflict of interest which could affect professional judgement • Prohibition of receiving gifts, benefits and entertainment and implementation of Anti Bribery & Anti-Corruption policies • Compliance of strict provisions of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption & Commission Act ("MACC") 2018 All employees of the Group are required to acknowledge that they have received, read and understood the provisions of the Code of Conduct. The Board reviews the Code of Conduct periodically or as and when the need arises to ensure it is kept contemporaneous. Based on the listing requirements to prevent corruption, details regarding Section 17A on Corporate Liability were added to the

	Code of Conduct of the Group. Furthermore, the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Manual were in place with awareness trainings and periodic briefings conducted to all levels of the organisation to create proper understanding in the prevention against corruption practices. The Board also ensures adequate procedures are in place to govern against corruption practices.	
Explanation for departure :		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.2
The board establishes, reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Group is committed in preserving and protecting the interest and reputation at all times. In this respect, the Whistleblowing Policy was established and subsequently reviewed and updated when required. The main objective of the Whistleblowing Policy is to provide an objective point of feedback escalation for employees or stakeholders to disclose in a bona fide manner any suspected acts of wrongdoings without any fear of reprisal. The Whistleblowing Policy provides guidelines for the reporting and the investigation of any wrongdoings. The other channels for whistleblowing can be accessed at the Group's website, www.hohupgroup.com.my The Board together with Management, reviews the Whistleblowing Policy periodically or as and when the need arises to ensure it is kept contemporaneous.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.1
The board together with management takes responsibility for the governance of sustainability in the company including setting the company's sustainability strategies, priorities and targets.

The board takes into account sustainability considerations when exercising its duties including among others the development and implementation of company strategies, business plans, major plans of action and risk management.

Strategic management of material sustainability matters should be driven by senior management.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board, alongside Management, recognises the critical importance of integrating sustainability risks and opportunities into the Group's strategic and business planning. On an annual basis, Management reviews the Group's sustainability direction and presents its strategic approach to the Board for evaluation and endorsement. Governance is reinforced by the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee ("RMSC"), chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. The RMSC oversees the coordination of the Group's Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) initiatives, monitors relevant ESG metrics, and escalates material sustainability matters to the Board. The Executive Directors collaborate closely with the RMSC to operationalise the Board's sustainability directives into actionable corporate strategies, while individual business and functional units drive implementation across daily operations. Comprehensive disclosures on the Group's sustainability governance framework, material matters, strategic initiatives, and performance metrics are detailed in the Sustainability Statement of this Annual Report.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	

Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.2
The board ensures that the company's sustainability strategies, priorities and targets as well as performance against these targets are communicated to its internal and external stakeholders.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board ensures that the Group's sustainability priorities, material Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) matters, initiatives, and performance are effectively communicated to both internal and external stakeholders through appropriate channels. Key among these is the Sustainability Statement within the Annual Report, which provides a comprehensive overview of the Group's sustainability framework, identified material matters, actionable initiatives, and relevant performance indicators. The Group interacts with diverse stakeholder groups, including shareholders, investors, employees, customers, business partners, suppliers, regulators, and local communities via engagement platforms. These ongoing interactions help the Group identify emerging risks and opportunities, align its sustainability priorities with stakeholder expectations, and refine its material matters. Further details on the Group's sustainability framework, strategic initiatives, and performance outcomes are elaborated in the Sustainability Statement of this Annual Report.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.3
The board takes appropriate action to ensure they stay abreast with and understand the sustainability issues relevant to the company and its business, including climate-related risks and opportunities.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board through the NRC assesses the training programmes attended by each Director during the financial year to ensure they are kept abreast of the latest development in industry as well as the sustainability issues relevant to the Company and its business. The key training programmes attended by each Director in FYE 2026 are set out in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement in the Company's Annual Report 2026.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.4
Performance evaluations of the board and senior management include a review of the performance of the board and senior management in addressing the company's material sustainability risks and opportunities.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	As part of the annual Board effectiveness assessment, the NRC evaluated the performance of the Board and individual Directors in overseeing the Group's strategic and business plans, with specific consideration given to the integration and promotion of sustainability matters. This reflects the Company's commitment to addressing Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) risks and opportunities through formal evaluation mechanisms. Correspondingly, Senior Management's performance is assessed through an annual performance appraisal system, which evaluates their ability to execute strategic objectives and drive key sustainability initiatives across operational units.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.5- Step Up
The board identifies a designated person within management, to provide dedicated focus to manage sustainability strategically, including the integration of sustainability considerations in the operations of the company.

Note: The explanation on adoption of this practice should include a brief description of the responsibilities of the designated person and actions or measures undertaken pursuant to the role in the financial year.		
Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	.

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.1
The Nomination Committee should ensure that the composition of the board is refreshed periodically. The tenure of each director should be reviewed by the Nomination Committee and annual re-election of a director should be contingent on satisfactory evaluation of the director's performance and contribution to the board.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	In accordance with the Company's Constitution, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three (3) years and may offer themselves for re-election. In tandem with this statutory requirement, the NRC reviews the tenure and structure of the Board to maintain an optimal balance of skills, industry experience, knowledge, independence, and diversity aligned with the Group's strategic direction. Through the annual Board effectiveness assessment, the NRC evaluates the collective performance of the Board and Board Committees, as well as the individual contribution, commitment, integrity, and active deliberation of each Director. For Independent Non-Executive Directors (INEDs), the NRC specifically assesses their ongoing independence and objectivity. When considering Directors standing for retirement and eligible for re-election at the Annual General Meeting (AGM), the NRC evaluates the findings of the annual performance review alongside the criteria set out in the Directors' Fit and Proper Policy notably character, integrity, competence, capability, and time commitment. The NRC also reviews whether each candidate's skill set continues to complement the Board's collective capabilities. Following this rigorous review, the NRC submits its recommendations to the Board for endorsement prior to tabling the proposed re-elections for shareholders' approval at the AGM.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.2
At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises a majority independent directors.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	As at 13 October 2026, the Board members comprising 50.00% (2 out of 4), were Independent Non-Executive Directors during the FYE 2026. The Company complied with Paragraph 15.02 of the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, which requires at least two (2) Directors or one-third (1/3) of the Board, whichever is higher, to be independent. During the financial year, the Board included one (1) women Director, reflecting the Company's commitment to gender diversity. In line with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2021, which encourages at least 30% women representation on Boards, the Company remained committed to progressively increasing female participation at Board and Senior Management levels to promote diversity of perspectives and inclusive decision-making. The current composition of the Board provides an effective balance, combining industry-specific expertise with broad-based business and commercial experience, as well as independent judgment on strategic, operational, financial, and governance matters. This diversity in background and experience enhances the Board's collective capability to discharge its duties effectively. The profiles of the Directors are provided in the Annual Report 2026.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	The NC will continuously identify potential candidates who are Independent to be interviewed to fulfil the requirements of MCCG.
Timeframe	:	Choose an item.

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.3
The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should provide justification and seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	There are no Independent Directors serving beyond a cumulative term limit of nine years.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.4 - Step Up
The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years without further extension.

Note: To qualify for adoption of this Step Up practice, a listed issuer must have a formal policy which limits the tenure of an independent director to nine years without further extension i.e. shareholders' approval to retain the director as an independent director beyond nine years.		
Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.5
Appointment of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

Directors appointed should be able to devote the required time to serve the board effectively. The board should consider the existing board positions held by a director, including on boards of non-listed companies. Any appointment that may cast doubt on the integrity and governance of the company should be avoided.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board acknowledges the importance of diversity in terms of skills, experience, age, gender, cultural background and ethnicity and recognises the benefits of diversity at leadership and employee level. Having a range of diversity dimensions brings different perspectives to the boardroom and to various levels of Management within the Group. The NRC is responsible to lead the process for the nomination of new Board appointments and making the necessary recommendations. In this respect, the role of the NRC is detailed in its TOR, which is accessible for reference on the Group's website at http://www.hohupgroup.com.my In making its recommendations to the Board, the NRC considers and assess the suitability of a new appointment based on objective criteria, including: • Qualification; • Required competencies, skills, expertise and experience; • Specialist knowledge or technical skills; • Professionalism and integrity; and • Time commitment to the Company
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.6
In identifying candidates for appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

If the selection of candidates was based on recommendations made by existing directors, management or major shareholders, the Nominating Committee should explain why these source(s) suffice and other sources were not used.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice :	The NRC is responsible for recommending suitable candidates for Directorships to the Board. In undertaking this responsibility, the NRC leverages on several sources to "cast a wider net" and gain access to a wide pool of potential candidates. The responsibilities of the NRC in this regard are outlined in its TOR. In evaluating potential candidates, the NRC will assess directorship suitability based on objective criteria, including: • Qualification; • Required competencies, skills, expertise and experience; • Specialist knowledge or technical skills; • Professionalism and integrity; and • Time commitment to the Company. In searching for suitable candidates, the NRC may receive suggestions from existing Board Members, Management, and major shareholders. The Committee is also open to referrals from external sources available, such as industry and professional associations, as well as independent search firms.	
Explanation for departure :		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.7
The board should ensure shareholders have the information they require to make an informed decision on the appointment and reappointment of a director. This includes details of any interest, position or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the board and to act in the best interests of the listed company as a whole. The board should also provide a statement as to whether it supports the appointment or re-appointment of the candidate and the reasons why.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The NRC carried out an annual evaluation and assessment on each Director, including the Directors subject to retirement by rotation at the 51st AGM and their re-election was noted and supported by the Board. The details of their interest, position or any relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the board and to act in the best interests of the Company as a whole are disclosed in various parts of the Annual Report. The profiles of directors are published in the Annual Report and on the Company website. These include their age, gender, tenure of service, directorships in other companies, working experience and any conflict of interests as well as their shareholdings in the Company, if any.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.8
The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice :	During FYE2026, the Nomination Committee, and subsequently the NRC following the merger of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee on 18 December 2025, was chaired by Mr. Narayanasamy A/L N Chithambaram, an Independent Non-Executive Director. Following Mr. Narayanasamy's resignation on 5 October 2026, the position of Chairman of the NRC remains vacant as at 13 October 2026. Pending the designation of a new Chairman, the members of the NRC elect one of themselves to chair each meeting, in accordance with the NRC's Terms of Reference. As the NRC comprises two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Mr. Bernard Chen Tong Liang and Encik Haikel Bin Ismail, NRC meetings continue to be chaired by an Independent Director.	
Explanation for departure :		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.9
The board comprises at least 30% women directors.

Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	There is currently one female director on the Board and this forms 20% of the Board composition.	
		The NRC will continue to consider gender diversity as part of its review of the Board's composition and succession needs. In identifying candidates for future Board appointments, the NRC will seek to broaden the pool of suitably qualified candidates, including women candidates, with a view to progressively improving women representation on the Board while ensuring that appointments are based on merit and the needs of the Board.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.10
The board discloses in its annual report the company's policy on gender diversity for the board and senior management.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	Currently only one female director is available on the Board. The Board, through the NRC, will be scouting for additional female directors as a step to meet the target of at least 30% women directors. The Board is putting its efforts in getting other suitable women who could meet the objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age and cultural background to join the Board. The Board would consider sourcing new directors via different Directors recruitment agencies and professional bodies.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

Practice 6.1
The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out its outcome, actions taken and how it has or will influence board composition.

For Large Companies, the board engages an independent expert at least every three years, to facilitate objective and candid board evaluation.

Note: For a Large Company to qualify for adoption of this practice, it must undertake annual board evaluation and engage an independent expert at least every three years to facilitate the evaluation.		
Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The NRC conducts an annual effectiveness evaluation of the Board, Board Committees, and individual Directors. For the FYE 2026, the assessment was administered via internally structured questionnaires completed by each Director. The evaluation covered key dimensions including Board composition, skill and experience mix, governance oversight, strategic orientation, meeting dynamics and board processes, information quality, active participation, sound judgement, professional ethics, and time commitment. The findings of the evaluation alongside an assessment of the continued independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors were deliberated by the NRC and subsequently presented to the Board. Following this review, the NRC affirmed its satisfaction with the collective performance of the Board and its Committees, as well as the individual contributions of each Director. These evaluation outcomes also served as a benchmark in reviewing Board composition and endorsing eligible Directors for re-election.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 7.1
The board has remuneration policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as skills and experience required. The remuneration policies and practices should appropriately reflect the different roles and responsibilities of non-executive directors, executive directors and senior management. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Company has established a formal and transparent Remuneration Policy outlining the principles, framework, and criteria for determining the compensation of Directors and Senior Management. This policy aligns compensation with individual roles, responsibilities, competencies, and performance, while taking into account market competitiveness and the Group's long-term business objectives. The NRC is tasked with reviewing the remuneration framework and packages for Directors and Senior Management, submitting formal recommendations to the Board for approval. The compensation structure for Executive Directors and Senior Management is linked to corporate performance, strategic milestones, and individual contributions. Conversely, Non-Executive Directors' remuneration reflects their experience, time commitment, scope of responsibilities, and committee commitments. In upholding governance integrity, Directors abstain from all deliberations and voting regarding their own remuneration packages. Furthermore, Directors' fees and benefits payable to Non-Executive Directors are subject to prior approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, pursuant to the Companies Act 2016.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		

Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 7.2
The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deals with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board has in a place a NRC which comprising wholly of Non-Executive Directors. The NRC discharges its responsibilities in accordance with its TOR, among others, reviewing the remuneration packages, reward structure and fringe benefits applicable to the Board and making the appropriate recommendations to the Board. The TOR of NRC is accessible for reference on the Group's website at http://www.hohupgroup.com.my	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 8.1
There is detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors, including fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in the table below.

No	Name	Directorate	Company ('000)							Group ('000)						
			Fee	Allowance	Salary	Bonus	Benefits-in-kind	Other emoluments	Total	Fee	Allowance	Salary	Bonus	Benefits-in-kind	Other emoluments	Total
1.	Dato' Wong Kit-Leong	Executive Director	Input info here-	-	503	-	7	100	610	-	-	503	-	7	100	610
2.	Mr Narayanasamy A/L N Chithambaram	Independent Director	74	18	-	-	-	-	92	74	18	-	-	-	-	92
3.	Bernard Chen Tong Liang (appointed on 20 November 2025)	Independent Director	44	10	-	-	-	-	54	44	10	-	-	-	--	54
4	Tan Guan Ling (appointed on 24 February 2026)	Executive Director	-	-	24	-	-	-	24	-	-	24	-	-	-	24
5	Low Kheng Lun (removed as a director on 20 November 2025)	Executive Director	-	-	161	-	-	-	161	-	-	161	-	-	-	161
6	Mr. Keith Anicetus Vaz (resigned on 21 October 2025)	Independent Director	26	6	-	-	-	-	32	26	6	-	-	-	-	32
7	Datin Chan Bee Leng (ceased as Director on 1 December 2025)	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	31	9	-	-	-	-	40	31	9	-	-	-	-	40
8	Dato' Mohamad Azmi Bin Ali (appointed on 18 December 2025 and resigned on 1 September 2026)	Independent Director	46	8	-	-	-	-	54	46	8	-	-	-	-	54

9	Tan Sri Datuk Seri (Dr) Mazlan Bin Lazim (resigned on 8 May 2025)	Independent Director	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
10	Mr. Danny Hoe Kam Thong (resigned on 18 April 2025)	Independent Director	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
11	Mr. Thevanaigam Rajan Chitty (resigned on 8 May 2025)	Independent Director	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1

Intended Outcome
Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 8.2
The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.

<table>
<tr><td>Application :</td><td>Departure</td></tr>
<tr><td>Explanation on application of the practice :</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Explanation for departure :</td><td>The Board is of the view that the disclosure on a named basis for the remuneration of top five senior management personnel is not in the best interest of the Group given the competitive human resource environment for personnel with requisite knowledge, expertise and experience in the Company's business activities, where poaching by recruitment service provider has become common now.

The Board believes that the non-disclosure of remuneration of top 5 senior management personnel who are not Directors of the Company will not prejudice the interest of its shareholders.

As an alternative, the Company has disclosed the remuneration of its top four (4) senior management personnel in the band of RM50,000 but depart from disclosing on a named basis.

The top 4 key senior management remuneration in band of RM50,000 are as follows:

<table>
<tr><th>Range of Remuneration (in band of RM 50,000)</th><th>Number of Key Senior Management</th></tr>
<tr><td>RM 300,001 to RM350,000</td><td>-</td></tr>
<tr><td>RM 250,001 to RM300,000</td><td>1</td></tr>
<tr><td>RM 200,001 to RM250,000</td><td>-</td></tr>
<tr><td>RM 150,001 to RM200,000</td><td>3</td></tr>
<tr><td>RM 100,001 to RM150,000</td><td>-</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Measure :</td><td>Please explain the measure(s) the company has taken or intend to take to adopt the practice.</td></tr>
</table>

Timeframe	:	Choose an item.	

No	Name	Position	Company					
			Salary	Allowance	Bonus	Benefits	Other emoluments	Total
1	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
2	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
3	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
4	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
5	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.

Intended Outcome
Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 8.3 - Step Up
Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

No	Name	Position	Company ('000)					
			Salary	Allowance	Bonus	Benefits	Other emoluments	Total
1	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here
2	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here
3	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here
4	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here
5	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here

Intended Outcome
There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.1
The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	As at date of this statement, the AC is chaired by Mr. Bernard Chen Tong Liang, an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company, who was appointed as Chairman of the AC with effect from 4 September 2026. The Company does not have a permanently designated Chairman of the Board. Mr. Bernard Chen Tong Liang does not concurrently assume the role of Chairman of the Board, thereby maintaining a separation between the leadership of the AC and the Board.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.2
The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former partner of the external audit firm of the listed company to observe a cooling-off period of at least three years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	None of the members of AC were former key audit partners of any external audit firms within the cooling off period of three (3) years before appointed as a member of AC. The TOR of AC is made available at the Group's website at http://www.hohupgroup.com.my	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.3
The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor to safeguard the quality and reliability of audited financial statements.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The AC is responsible for assessing the capabilities and independence of the External Auditors and to make subsequent recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment or termination of the External Auditors. Under its TOR, the AC reviews the suitability, objectivity and independence of the External Auditors of the Company on an annual basis. The review process covers the assessment of the independence of the External Auditor, the evaluation of the performance of External Auditor, quality of work, audit fees and the adequacy of resources. During the FYE 2026 and up to the date of this report, the AC met with the External Auditors, UHY Malaysia PLT (UHY), twice without the presence of Management. The AC also monitored and reviewed the performance and independence of UHY and is satisfied that the External Auditors have been independent throughout the conduct of the audit process and the audit services rendered have met the quality expected by the AC. For the audit of the FYE 2026, the AC was further assured by UHY by way of written confirmation that its personnel were and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements. Pursuant to the assessment on the suitability and independence of the External Auditor, the AC made its recommendation to the Board on the re-appointment on the external auditors alongside the accompanying audit fees.
Explanation for departure	:	

Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations.
The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.4 - Step Up
The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

Intended Outcome
There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.5
Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate, competent and are able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process.

All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The members of the Audit Committee of the Company comprised at least one (1) member with the requisite accounting qualification based on the requirements of the MMLR of Bursa Securities. Members of the Audit Committee are financially literate as they continuously keep themselves abreast with the latest developments in the new accounting and auditing standards and the impact it may have on the Group through briefings by the management and the external auditors. During the FYE 2026, the Directors received regular briefings and updates on the Group's businesses, operations, risk management and compliance, internal controls, corporate governance, finance, sustainability reporting, anti-bribery and corruption and any new or changes to the relevant legislation, rules and regulations. The members of AC possess a wide range of necessary skills and expertise in relevant accounting, financial service industry and legal to discharge their duties and provide an effective level of challenge to the Management. During the reporting year, the AC members had attended training courses, details are set out in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement of the Company's Annual Report 2026. Based on the outcome of the performance assessment on the AC, both the NRC and the Board are satisfied with the performance of the AC.
Explanation for departure	:	

Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 10.1
The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board has established the necessary risk and internal control infrastructure encompassing the risk assessment process, internal control measures, organisational oversight and reporting function to instil the appropriate discipline to continuously improve risk management and internal control capabilities. Details of the Group's Risk Management and Internal Control Framework are set out in its Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of the Company's Annual Report 2026. The internal control mechanisms established by the Board are embedded within the organisation structure in all its processes.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 10.2
The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	Risk assessment, monitoring and review of the various risks faced by the Group are continuous processes within the key operating units, with the Head of Department (a Management-level staff) playing a pivotal oversight function. Further details are contained in the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control in the Company's Annual Report 2026.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 10.3 - Step Up
The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

Application	:	Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	The Company has established a Risk Management and Sustainability Committee on 26 April 2024 which comprises of two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Intended Outcome
Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 11.1
The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Group's internal audit function is outsourced to an external consultant to assist the AC and Board in providing independent assessment on the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of the Group's governance, risk management and internal control processes. The AC conducts an evaluation annually to review the effectiveness and independence of the internal audit function. The review evaluates if the internal audit function demonstrates achievement of the Core Principles stated in the Professional Practice of internal auditing described in the Guidance for an Effective Internal Audit Function published by the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia. Overall review of the internal audit function is satisfactory and adequate.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 11.2
The board should disclose–

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The AC is supported by the Internal Audit team, which has been outsourced to Quadrant Biz Solutions Sdn Bhd. The Internal Audit team from Quadrant Biz Solutions Sdn Bhd is headed by Ms. Chew Bee Suan. She has an Honours Degree in Accounting & Finance from United Kingdom and also a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA). She has more than 10 years' experience in the field of internal audit. Following her resignation, the IA function was temporarily overseen by Mr. Desmond Chew, Group Internal Audit Manager of Insas Berhad, a deemed major shareholder of the Company, who assumed interim responsibilities to manage the transition and handover of operational duties for the FYE 2026. The Internal Auditors are free from any relationships or conflict of interest or undue influence of others to override professional and business judgment, which could impair their objectivity and independence. The independence of the Internal Audit function is derived from its direct reporting and unencumbered access to the AC. The Internal Auditors have adequate resources to carry out their audit activities. During the financial period under review, the Internal Auditors in teams of two (2) had conducted one (1) cycle of Internal Audit as stipulated in the approved Internal Audit Strategy Plan. Scheduled Internal Audit reviews were carried out by the Internal Auditors based on the audit plans presented and approved by the AC. The Internal Auditors adopt a risk-based Internal Audit methodology, which is guided by the International Professional Practices Framework issued by The Institute of Internal Auditors. Further details of the Company's Internal Audit function are contained in the Statement on Risk Management & Internal

	Control, Audit Committee Report and Corporate Governance Overview Statement as set out in the Annual Report.	
Explanation for departure :		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Intended Outcome
There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 12.1
The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board recognises the importance of communication and proper dissemination of information to its shareholders and investors. Through extensive disclosures of appropriate and relevant information, the Company aims to effectively provide shareholders and investors with information to fulfil transparency and accountability. In this respect, the Company keeps shareholders informed via announcements and timely release of quarterly financial reports, press releases, annual reports and circulars to shareholders. The AGM is the main forum of dialogue with shareholders as it provides an opportunity for the shareholders to seek and clarify any issues pertaining to the Group and to have a better understanding of the Group's activities and performance. Shareholders and members of the public may also obtain information on the Group's operations and activities, as well as press releases, announcements and financial information, etc. from the corporate website www.hohupgroup.com.my
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Intended Outcome
There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 12.2
Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

Application	:	Not applicable – Not a Large Company	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.1
Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board recognises the AGM as valuable platforms for shareholders to engage in productive dialogue with both the Board and Senior Management. These meetings provide an opportunity for shareholders to offer constructive feedback that contributes to the overall performance of the Group. Consequently, the Board strives to provide shareholders with adequate time to consider the resolutions that will be discussed and voted upon during the AGM, facilitating informed decision-making. In this context, the notice for the Fifty-First ("51st") AGM, held on 1 December 2025, was issued 28 days in advance of the meeting.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.2
All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	All the Directors of the Company attended and participated at the previous AGM held on 1 December 2026. During the 51st AGM, the Board and all the Chairmans of the Board Committees were present to provide meaningful response to questions raised by shareholders. The Company's External Auditors and the Company Secretary were also present at the 51st AGM to provide support to the Board. All the Directors of the Company attended and participated at the Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") held on 20 November 2025 except for Mr. Low Kheng Lun and Datin Chan Bee Leng, who was absent with apology. During the EGM, the Board and all the Chairmans of the Board Committees were present to provide meaningful response to questions raised by shareholders. The Company Secretary were also present at the EGM to provide support to the Board.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:	Please explain the measure(s) the company has taken or intend to take to adopt the practice.	
Timeframe	:	Choose an item.	

Intended Outcome
Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.3
Listed companies should leverage technology to facilitate–

- voting including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders' participation at general meetings.

Listed companies should also take the necessary steps to ensure good cyber hygiene practices are in place including data privacy and security to prevent cyber threats.

Application	:	Departure	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:	The Company is of the view that the above practice is not cost effective nor practical for the Company to leverage on technology to facilitate shareholders to vote in absentia or having remote shareholders' participation in general meetings. In the event the shareholders are not able to attend the forthcoming 51st AGM, the shareholders are allowed to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend on their behalf. Company utilises an electronic voting system to expedite the voting and facilitate the tabulation process in a seamless manner. The Chairman announced the poll voting results after the same has been verified by the appointed Independent Scrutineer. Poll results are announced to Bursa Securities on the same day.	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.4
The Chairman of the board should ensure that general meetings support meaningful engagement between the board, senior management and shareholders. The engagement should be interactive and include robust discussion on among others the company's financial and non-financial performance as well as the company's long-term strategies. Shareholders should also be provided with sufficient opportunity to pose questions during the general meeting and all the questions should receive a meaningful response.

Note: The explanation of adoption of this practice should include a discussion on measures undertaken to ensure the general meeting is interactive, shareholders are provided with sufficient opportunity to pose questions and the questions are responded to.			
Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Chairman ensured that sufficient time and opportunity was made available for shareholders to pose queries during the 51st AGM and the EGM held in 2025. The Chairman invited shareholders to raise their questions at the meetings, and the Board of Directors, together with Senior Management where relevant, responded to the queries raised, providing meaningful and substantive responses to the shareholders.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.5
The board must ensure that the conduct of a virtual general meeting (fully virtual or hybrid) support meaningful engagement between the board, senior management and shareholders. This includes having in place the required infrastructure and tools to support among others, a smooth broadcast of the general meeting and interactive participation by shareholders. Questions posed by shareholders should be made visible to all meeting participants during the meeting itself.

Note: The explanation of adoption of this practice should include a discussion on measures undertaken to ensure the general meeting is interactive, shareholders are provided with sufficient opportunity to pose questions and the questions are responded to. Further, a listed issuer should also provide brief reasons on the choice of the meeting platform.			
Application	:	Not applicable – only physical general meetings were conducted in the financial year	
Explanation on application of the practice	:		
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

Intended Outcome
Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.6
Minutes of the general meeting should be circulated to shareholders no later than 30 business days after the general meeting.

Note: The publication of Key Matters Discussed is not a substitute for the circulation of minutes of general meeting.			
Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	Minutes of the 51st AGM held on 1 December 2025, and Minutes of the EGM held on 20 November 2025 were published on the Company's website.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

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